was ordained as a minister. On May 9, 1960 Dr. Hopkins was called to pastor Temple Missionary Baptist Church, which later became the St. Mark Missionary Baptist Church. Dr. Hopkins' inspired leadership, vision and courage has been an immense blessing to the St. Mark Family. His spiritual, civic and social responsibilities have included being President of the Baptist Ministers Fellowship Alliance of Flint; Board of Directors, Great Flint O.I.C; Chairman, Annual Awards Committee, Concerned Pastors for Social Action: Dedicated Chairman of the C.P.S.A Courier; Founder of the Genesee County Christian Institute; Member of the Chaplaincy Advisory Council, Michigan Department of Corrections, and; Advisor to the Wolverine State Convention.

Mr. Speaker, please join me in congratulating Dr. J.S. Hopkins on his well-deserved retirement and dedication to the Flint community. His message of the Gospel of Jesus Christ and service to St. Mark Missionary Baptist Church are an inspiration to us all.

PORTS AS SMALL BUSINESS INCUBATORS ACT

HON. JANICE HAHN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 17, 2012

Ms. HAHN. Mr. Speaker, during my short time in Congress, I've worked hard to highlight the importance of our ports, not only to my district in California, but to our national economy. Ports support 13.3 million American jobs and generate \$3.15 trillion in economic activity. That is why I founded the PORTS Caucus to educate Members of Congress on the importance of ports to our national economy. As a member of the Small Businesses Committee, I also understand that economic recovery is going to be fueled by the job-creating power of our small businesses.

That is why I am introducing the "Ports as Small Business Incubators Act," which will join these two economic forces and further strengthen our economy. In 2005 alone, North American incubation programs assisted more than 27,000 companies that provided employment for more than 100,000 workers and generated annual revenues of \$17 billion. My bill creates a grant program available to Port Authorities interested in creating their own small business incubators.

The Ports as Small Business Incubators Act will allow port authorities to apply for a grant to create a small business incubator. This program will encourage port authorities to give opportunities to entrepreneurs who need them most. These newly-created small business incubators will be designed to foster small businesses owned by women, veterans, and minorities. Finally, this program will also encourage businesses that develop a crucial part of our economy: green jobs. Port authorities can work with small businesses that focus on clean energy and improved air and water quality

By passing this bill, we will ensure that our entrepreneurs are given the chance to succeed. This program will nurture our new businesses and provide a much-needed boost to our recovering economy.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, May 17, 2012

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained and missed rollcall Vote No. 208 on the evening of May 7, 2012. Had I been present, I would have voted in the following manner:

Rollcall Vote No. 208—Quayle (AZ) Amendment: "no."

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPRO-PRIATIONS ACT, 2013

SPEECH OF

HON. CHRIS VAN HOLLEN

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 8, 2012

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 5326) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013, and for other purposes:

Mr. VAN HOLLEN. Mr. Chair, I rise to oppose H.R. 5326, making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year 2013.

This bill violates the bipartisan agreement Congress struck with the President last August when we enacted the Budget Control Act of 2012. That legislation created a framework to reduce the deficit by two trillion dollars. It provided balanced spending caps that reduced the nation's deficit while protecting our national priorities and the fragile economic recovery. The House Republican Leadership decided to ignore this agreement months after it was enacted by demanding an additional \$19 billion in cuts in this bill and other appropriations bills. This bill is \$1.6 billion less than the fiscal year 2012 Commerce, Justice, Science bill and about \$731 million less than the Senate's version. These unnecessary cuts reduce our investments in key areas like law enforcement, access to justice for the poor, scientific research, efforts to protect of environment and funding for our space program.

These cuts are unnecessary and force Members of Congress to makes decisions to cut one necessary program at the expense of another critical program. For example, the original bill funds the Community Oriented Policing Services Hiring Grants Program (COPS) at \$217 million less than the level requested by the Administration. An amendment was adopted to increase funding for the COPS grants to current level, but it took critical funding from NASA. If the Republican leaders would have abided by the Budget Control Act agreement, we would have been able to fund critical COPS grants and NASA. Maryland's economy depends on money to keep cops on the street and fund NASA facilities like the Goddard Space Flight Center in Greenbelt,

I also strongly oppose the inadequate funding levels for the Legal Services Corporation, which is the single largest funder of civil legal aid for low-income Americans. The bill funds the Legal Services Corporation at level that is \$74 million below the President's request. The Obama Administration stated that tens of thousands of low-income Americans, including many military families and veterans, would be denied assistance with civil legal problems if these cuts are adopted. This would prevent them from receiving fair treatment in the courts. Our justice system should be open to everyone, not just those who can afford representation.

I also strongly object to the plethora of ideological policy riders added to the bill to hamstring the Obama Administration's efforts to reduce border violence, protect the environment and uphold civil rights protected under the U.S. Constitution. The bill prevents federal law enforcement's ability to investigate and curb gun trafficking along U.S. Mexican border. The bill prevents the Administration from continuing efforts to prevent overfishing and protecting our oceans and wildlife. The bill prevents the Department of Justice from challenging state voter suppression laws, state immigration laws that potentially violate the U.S. Constitution, and the ability for the federal government to offer federal benefits to legally married samesex couples.

I hope my colleagues will join me in opposing this harmful legislation. I will monitor the progress of this bill in the Senate and conference. I am hopeful that future changes and improvements will give me a chance to vote on a more acceptable alternative.

CALLING FOR THE IMMEDIATE RE-LEASE OF HUMAN RIGHTS AC-TIVISTS KIM YOUNG HWAN, YU JAE GIL, KANG SHIN SAM, AND LEE SANG YONG

HON. MARIO DIAZ-BALART

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, May 17, 2012

Mr. DIAZ-BALART. Mr. Speaker, today I want to bring attention to the cases of four human rights activists who have dedicated themselves to pro-democracy efforts in North Korea. Kim Young Hwan, Yu Jae Gil, Kang Shin Sam, and Lee Sang Yong reportedly were arrested in Dalian, in Communist China, and remain imprisoned by Communist China's Ministry of State Security in the Liaoning Province, near the border with North Korea.

These human rights activists are in serious danger. Many fear that Kim in particular, once a North Korean regime insider who has become one of the most outspoken advocates for freedom and human rights for the North Korean people, has been subjected to harsh interrogation and even torture by Chinese state security or North Korean security thugs. Even while living in South Korea, he often suffered harassment and intimidation for his activism and work on NKnet by pro-North Korean sympathizers. As the Daily NK reported on May 16, 2012, if Kim was transported to the Sino-North Korean border to be interrogated by North Korean agents, "then what is the difference between throwing a piece of meat to a dog and handing Kim to the North Korean National Security Agency, whose men come and go from Dandong as if it were their own house?"